

Name _____ Date _____

CRYPTOCURRENCY VOCABULARY

1. Altcoin _____

2. Blocks _____

3. Blockchain _____

4. Bull/Bullish _____

5. Bear/Bearish _____

6. Cryptocurrency _____

7. Cryptography _____

8. Fiat currencies _____

9. Mining _____

10. Private Key _____

11. Public Key _____

12. ROI _____

13. Satoshi Nakamoto _____

14. Token _____

Teacher Definition List

1. **Altcoin** - Any digital currency other than Bitcoin.
2. **Blocks** - Many digital currencies make use of blocks, which contain transactions that have been confirmed and then combined together to create a record of transactions.
3. **Blockchain** - A system in which a record of transactions made in Bitcoin, or another cryptocurrency, is maintained across many computers that are linked in a network.
4. **Bull/Bullish** - A bullish investor, also known as a bull, believes that the price of one or more securities will rise. A bull market conveys a related meaning. It exists when prices, typically those of equities, are generally on the rise. While not every stock will necessarily increase, a bull market is based on the overall increase of market prices.
5. **Bear/Bearish** - The belief that the price of an asset will fall. To say someone is bearish on stocks means that person believes the overall price of stocks will decline in value. Opposite of Bull Market.
6. **Cryptocurrency** - A digital currency in which transactions are verified and records maintained by a decentralized system using cryptography, rather than by a centralized authority.
7. **Cryptography** - The art of writing and solving codes. In cryptocurrency, cryptography guarantees the security of the transactions and the participants, independence of operations from a central authority, and protection from double-spending.
8. **Fiat currencies** - Fiat money is a government-issued currency that is not backed by a physical commodity, such as gold or silver, but rather by the government that issued it.
9. **Mining** - Cryptocurrency mining is the process by which new cryptocurrencies are entered into circulation, but it is also a critical component of the maintenance and development of the blockchain ledger.
10. **Private Key** - A private key is a sophisticated form of cryptography that allows a user to access their cryptocurrency.
11. **Public Key** - A public key is a cryptographic code used to facilitate transactions between parties, allowing users to receive cryptocurrencies in their accounts. The public key is used to verify the digital signature, which proves ownership of the private key.
12. **ROI** - ROI is a metric used by cryptocurrency traders to measure the performance and the efficacy of a crypto investment, or to compare the performance of multiple crypto investments in a portfolio.
13. **Satoshi Nakamoto** - Satoshi Nakamoto is the pseudonym who penned the original Bitcoin papers and is the identity credited with inventing Bitcoin itself.
14. **Token** - Tokens, which can also be referred to as crypto tokens, are units of value that blockchain-based organizations develop on top of existing blockchain networks.